



NAP Global Network

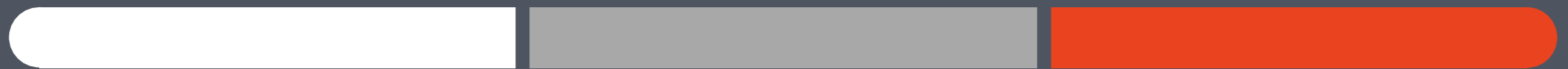
Coordinating
Climate-Resilient
Development

**Introduction
vertical and horizontal
integration of adaptation**

Nikola Rass, GIZ
22.09.2016,
Phnom Penh, Cambodia



Overview



**What
is integration?**

**Why
is integration
important?**

**How
to support
integration?**



Integration

What does that mean?



Objective of the NAP

- Reduce vulnerability
- **Integrate** climate change adaptation into
 - **new** and **existing** development planning processes,
 - within **all relevant sectors (horizontal)**
 - and **levels (Vertical)**.

UNFCCC, 5/CP.17



Why does integration matter?



Sectorwide integration

- Adaptation is **not only** an environmental issue
 - Avoid stand alone adaptation plan, which only addresses most urgent adaptation needs
 - **Address vulnerabilities** in different sectors **systematically** and in the **long-term**
 - Identify **cross-sectoral issues**
- Adaptation concerns development planning in general
 - ➔ **Development first**
 - ➔ **Make national investments climate-resilient**
 - ➔ **Address country priorities**



Vertical Integration

- **Risk that exposed areas are neglected**
 - Provide entry points for vulnerable groups and communities to participate in the process
 - Ensure that local realities are reflected in the NAP
- **Decision making at sub-national level**
 - Ensure that climate risks are taken into consideration
 - Ensure that country priorities are reflected



Which steps to undertake?



Steps for Mainstreaming

Analyze climate vulnerabilities

- How could development goals be affected by climate change?

Identify entry points

- Which policies, plans and budgets need to be modified to reduce the vulnerabilities?
- Sector wide and at all levels

Change policies, plans and budgets

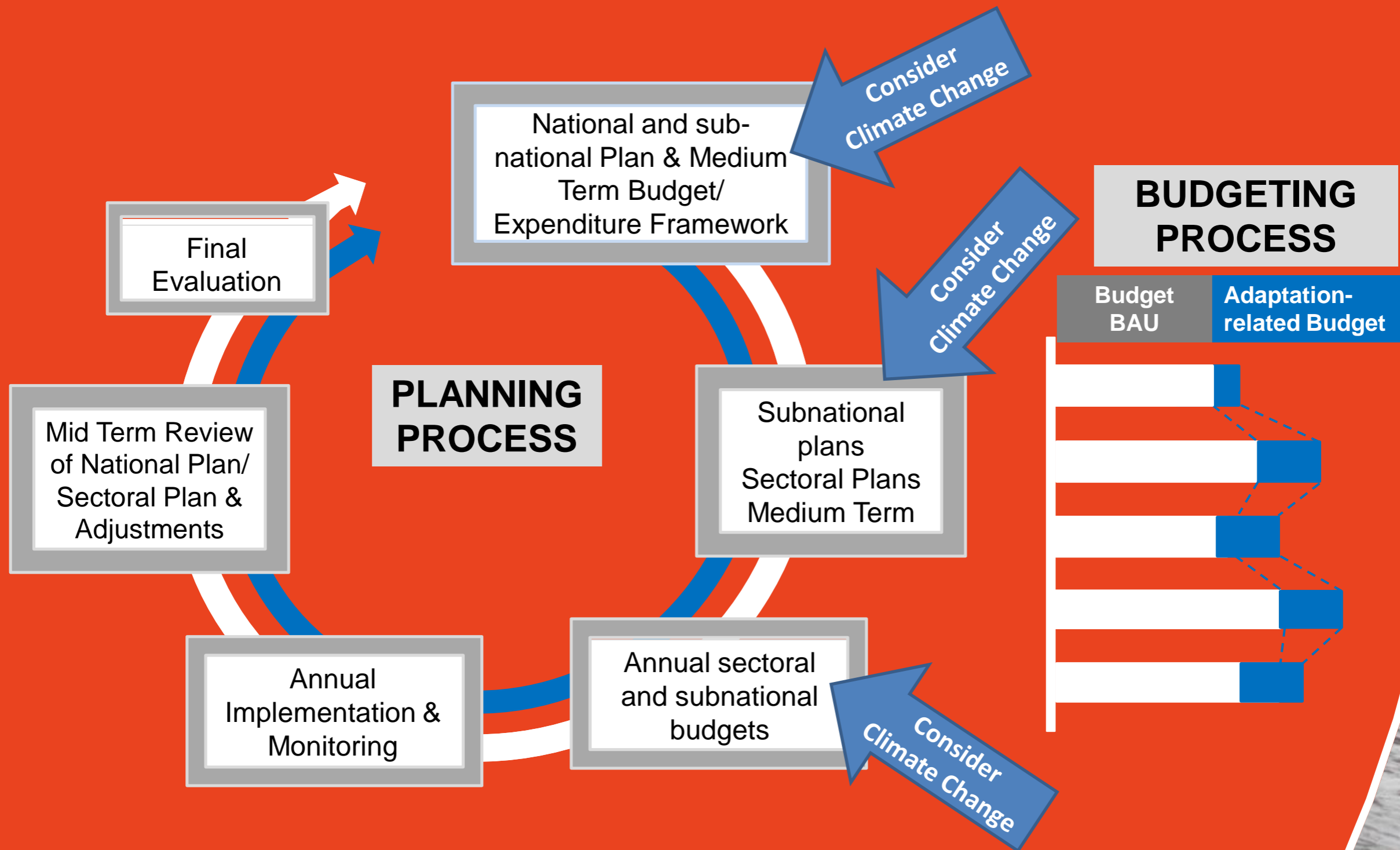
- What adaptation options might be relevant to reduce the vulnerabilities?

Implement them

- What resources and capacities are required?
- Who is responsible?



Integration into planning and budgeting processes



**Which
institutional
set-ups work
well?**



Sectoral integration

Institutional approaches



Sector Driven

Coordination of sectoral initiatives to help define national adaptation priorities

Hybrid

Coordination of national and sectoral initiatives to ensure coherence and cohesion in the policy community

Nationally Driven

Uptake within sector-specific strategies and plans coordinated by the national climate change focal point



Vertical integration

Institutional approaches

National Planning

National Planning

Directing
framework

Multi
stakeholder
platforms

compile to

Sub-

national

Plans

Sub-

national

Plans



Conclusion

**Adaptation of climate change is of concern
for all sectors
from national to local level**

Sectorwide and vertical integration aim
to mainstream adaptation in development planning.

This requires coordination.

Different institutional approaches exist
to support this process.





NAP Global Network

www.napglobalnetwork.org

info@napglobalnetwork.org

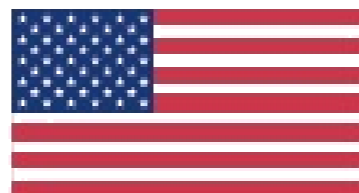
@NAP_Network

#NAPGN

Financial support provided by



Federal Ministry
for Economic Cooperation
and Development



Secretariat hosted by

