

NAP Global Network

Coordinating
Climate-Resilient
Development

2015 in Review March 2016



Network basics

- > Established in December, 2014 Lima
- ➤ Why? Growing importance of NAP; more bilateral agencies supporting NAP; need for more technical discussions
- > Secretariat: IISD
- Steering Committee: Brazil, Germany, Jamaica, Japan, Malawi, Peru, Philippines, South Africa, Togo, UK, US
- Initial support from Germany and the US



Year 1: The Network in 2015

Dec. 2014 | Peru Network Established

Mar 2015 | Germany

1st Steering

Committee Meeting

June 2015 | Germany
UNFCCC Side Event:
Enhancing bilateral
support for NAP
processes

Dec. 2015 | France
Outreach at COP21

July 2015 | Brazil

1st Donor

Coordination

Meeting

July 2015 | Brazil

1st Targeted Topics Forum

High-level political support

& sectoral integration in

NAP processes

Year Two: 2016...



1st Targeted Topics Forum (TTF)

July 1-2, 2015 | Rio de Janeiro, Brazil

High-level political support & sectoral integration

- 28 participants (Country delegations of 3)
- Countries: Albania, Bolivia, Brazil, Germany, Grenada, Jamaica, Kenya, Malawi, Peru, Philippines, South Africa, Togo, UK, USA
- Emphasis on importance of further southsouth sharing on how NAP processes are unfolding



Lessons emerging from TTF



Climate-Resilient

November 2015 Hayley Price-Kelfy Aone Hammill

sNAPshot: Initiating sector integration of adaptation considerations

Overview Brief

While there is no single approach to integrating adaptation considerations into sector planning, concrete examples are emerging as more countries pursue NAP processes. Participants in the NAP Global Network's first Targeted Topics Forum (TTF) in 2015 shared a range of approaches to addressing climate risks through sector planning. Participants included national climate change focal points and representatives working in finance ministries and climate-sensitive sectors in developing



countries. In particular, this south-south sharing of experiences highlighted that in the early stages of NAP processes, the impetus for sector integration can be found in different ministries and at different levels depending on the country context. A spectrum of approaches to initiating sector integration of adaptation emerged, ranging from sector-driven to nationally driven approaches.

Why does integration matter?

One of the two objectives of the NAP process is to integrate climate change adaptation into new and existing development planning across sectors and levels. According to the NAP Technical Guidelines, a guiding principle of the NAP process is that it "seeks to enhance the coherence of adaptation and development planning within countries, rather than duplicate efforts." To this end, an important step in laying the groundwork for the NAP process is stocktaking, which includes identifying ongoing and past adaptation activities of agencies and ministries responsible for climate-sensitive sectors. This stocktaking can help inform the NAP process by giving a sense of the current adaptation capacity and institutional arrangements in the country.

» Launch of *sNAPshots* series based on TTF results: first subset covers the spectrum of approaches countries are taking to initiating sector integration in the NAP process

» Each subset includes overview brief and set of country cases on specific topic

Global donor coordination

- First donor global coordination meeting held in July 2015
- Conducted mapping of NAP-relevant support by different development cooperation agencies
- Identified a continuum of levels of incountry coordination: awareness, resultsoriented, joint financing/implementation
- This will inform upcoming in-country coordination activities



In-country coordination

Awareness-raising

Knowing what other in-country actors and development partners are doing that might be relevant to the NAP process, and avoiding duplication

Alignment and Complementarity of Support

with priorities identified through the NAP process and support being provided by other development partners working in the country. If the country already has a planning framework, this could include supporting implementation.

Joint financing/implementation

Where two or more development partners work together to finance implementation of a NAP process

Participants

69 participants in 29 countries by Dec. 31, 2015



For SC Consideration

- What worked and what didn't?
- What would you like to see more or less of in 2016?





NAP Global Network

Coordinating
Climate-Resilient
Development

2016 Activities March 2016



Network Objectives

» Facilitating peer learning and exchange on the challenges and opportunities associated with national adaptation planning and implementation.

» Improving coordination of adaptation-relevant bilateral support, with developing countries at the table to ensure that this support aligns with their priorities.

» Supporting national level action on NAP development and implementation



Facilitating peer learning and exchange

- » Launch of the virtual help desk
- » Peer exchanges
- » Establishment of working groups (e.g. thematic, regional)
- » Publications and learning materials, webinars
- » Future Targeted Topics Forum....





Facilitating peer learning & exchange

Cohort or class approach

- 2 groups of participants from up to 10 countries
- Each group meets in person once a year at a TTF
- Topics that build on each other
- Sustained peer learning



TTF Fall 2016

- New group of ~10 countries (tbc)
- Sept. 21-23, 2016?
- Location: tbd

1st TTF of 2017:

- "Rio class"
- Topic?
- Dates?

Improving Coordination

- » Donor coordination meetings on margins of OECD Task Team meetings
- » Donor survey on bilateral support for adaptation
- » Development of common training materials on NAPs for donor agencies

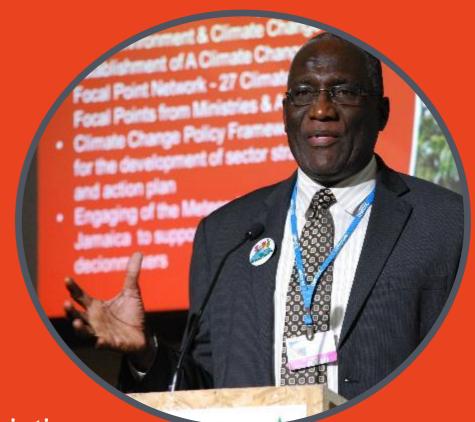




Supporting National-Level Action

NAP Assemblies

NAP Assemblies are events that will support incountry awareness-raising around the NAP process and improve coordination of bilateral support at the country level, linking wherever possible with existing in-country coordination structures



Objectives:

- Ensure developing countries have a say in how existing development support can best support their climate-resilient development
- Build political support for the NAP process by highlighting how coordination and alignment can help to achieve broader development goals
- Avoid duplication of efforts and identify potential synergies among development partners' NAP-relevant initiatives, as well as areas where the Network may help to facilitate further coordination



The Network at Upcoming Outreach Events

- Adaptation Futures (Rotterdam, Netherlands; May 10-13)
- Representation at OECD Task Team Meeting (Netherlands; May 13th—tbc)
- Side event at Bonn Climate Change Conference (Bonn, Germany; date in May tbc)
 - "Financing Adaptation and Resilience through Fossil Fuel Subsidy Reform and Fuel Duty"
- Side event at NAP Expo (tentatively July 10th-17th)
- COP22 outreach activities



Questions

- 1. Reflecting on year one activities, do our plans for 2016 respond to your expectations for the Network and lessons from year one?
- 2. Upcoming TTF events: Suggested dates, topics, countries?
- 3. Based on these briefs, the attached timeline, and discussions during the Steering Committee meeting, do you approve of the Network's work plan for 2016?





www.napglobalnetwork.org info@napglobalnetwork.org

Financial support provided by





Secretariat hosted by



Launch of virtual help desk

- Having one of our Secretariat staff provide advice/feedback
- Putting the requester in touch with peers who have expertise/experience
- Tracking requests and using this information to inform the topics we address in the Network's upcoming activities...

www.napglobalnetwork.org/virtual-help-desk



Have a question about the National Adaptation Plan (NAP) process?
Get in touch with our virtual help desk.



Coordinating Climate-Resilient Development