

# COLOMBIA

## NATIONAL ADAPTATION PLAN (NAP) APPROACH

Development of climate change plans for all territories and implementation of innovative adaptation measures in six priority sectors

The NAP process aims at reducing the **socio-economic risks and impacts** associated with variability and climate change. It seeks to generate knowledge on climate change risks and opportunities, incorporate climatic risk management in **sectoral and regional planning**, and reduce the vulnerability of socio-economic and ecological systems to climate change.

### NAP PROCESS MILESTONES

- 2017**
  - Phase IV:** Monitoring and evaluation of adaptation actions.
  - Phase III:** Design of the NAP implementation plan with focus on sectors and territories
  - Phase II:** NAP document with priority actions for adaptation, and formulation of sectoral and territorial adaptations.
- 2016** **National Climate Change Policy. Decree 298 National climate change system-SISCLIMA** to coordinate, articulate, formulate, monitor and evaluate policies, norms, strategies, plans, programs, projects, actions and measures related to climate change adaptation and mitigation.
- 2015** **Transversal strategy of Green Growth.** Objectives include the achievement of resilient growth and reduction of vulnerability to climate change and disaster risk.
- 2014** **Roadmap for the formulation of sectoral and territorial adaptation plans.**
- 2013** **Phase I:** Development of conceptual and methodological tools.
- 2012** **Conpes 3700—**Articulation of climate change policies and actions.
- 2011**

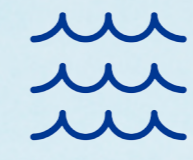
### KEY OBSERVED & ANTICIPATED CLIMATE CHANGE IMPACTS



**Changes in precipitation**



**Increased sea level**



**Floods**



**Droughts**



**Greater incidence area of vectors and new diseases**



**Heatwaves**



**Snow ablation**

### PRIORITY SECTORS FOR ADAPTATION



**Finance**



**Health and Social Protection**



**Agriculture and Rural Development**



**Housing**



**Mines and Energy**



**Industry and Commerce**



**Transportation**

### KEY LESSONS ON THE NAP PROCESS



**Mariana Rojas Laserna**

Director  
Climate Change Unit  
Ministry of Environment and Sustainable Development

#### MONITORING & EVALUATION

“ Designing and implementing a robust M&E system of adaptation is fundamental for the success of the NAP process. There is no single measurement unit for adaptation—it depends on the component that is being analyzed and the geographic area of focus.”



**Silvia Liliana Calderón Díaz**

Deputy Director, Environment and Sustainable Development  
Department of National Planning

#### SECTOR & VERTICAL INTEGRATION

“ The NAP is not a document, but a dynamic process that evolves constantly. It is an instrument that establishes strategic guidelines and that provides decision-makers with tools to prioritize adaptation actions. It helps to inform interventions in different sectors and territories aimed at reducing climate change risk and vulnerability.”



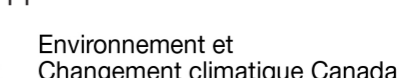
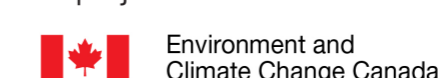
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The NAP Global Network is a group of individuals and institutions working to enhance national adaptation planning and action in developing countries. This poster is part of a series highlighting lessons emerging about the NAP process.

[www.napglobalnetwork.org](http://www.napglobalnetwork.org)



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